

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

#### 1. Identification

**Product identifier** STONETECH® Oil Stain Remove

Other means of identification None.

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use Pultice cleaner for natural stone surfaces.

Not available. Restrictions on use

Details of manufacturer or importer

Company name LATICRETE International **Address** 1 Laticrete Park, N Bethany, CT 06524

(203)-393-0010 **Telephone Contact person** Steve Fine

www.laticrete.com Website

**Emergency phone number** Call CHEMTREC day or night

> USA/Canada - 1.800.424.9300 Mexico - 1.800.681.9531 Outside USA/Canada 1.703.527.3887

**Supplier** 

Company name LATICRETE Australia

P.O. Box 508 **Address** 

Virginia Business Mail Centre

29 Telford Street VIRGINIA QLD 4014

Australia

**Telephone** (61) (7) 3865-1599 Website www.laticrete.com **Emergency phone number** 1.703.527.3887

## 2. Hazard(s) identification

#### Classification of the hazardous chemical

**Physical hazards** Flammable liquids Category 3 **Health hazards** Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2 Sensitization, skin Category 1 **Environmental hazards** Category 1

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute

hazard

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, Category 1

long-term hazard

## Label elements, including precautionary statements

Hazard symbol(s)



Flame **Exclamation Environment** 

Signal word Warning

Hazard Statement(s) Flammable liquid and vapour. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Very

toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Precautionary Statement(s)** 

Prevention Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly

closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof

electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid breathing vapours. Contaminated work clothing must not be

allowed out of the workplace. Avoid release to the environment.

Response In case of fire: Use foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog for extinction. IF ON SKIN (or

hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. If skin

irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Collect spillage.

**Storage** Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

**Disposal** Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

None known.

Supplemental information None.

## 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### **Mixture**

Identity of chemical ingredients	CAS number and other unique identifiers	Concentration of ingredients
Calcium Carbonate	1317-65-3	40 - 50
Limonene	5989-27-5	40 - 50
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	64742-48-9	5 - 10
Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	< 2
Quartz	14808-60-7	< 0.3

**Composition comments** All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in

percent by volume.

#### 4. First-aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

**Inhalation** Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get medical

attention if any discomfort continues.

Skin contact Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If skin

rash or an allergic skin reaction develops, get medical attention.

Eye contact Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention.

**Ingestion** Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content

doesn't get into the lungs. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

Personal protection for first-aid

responders

treatment

Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to

protect themselves.

Symptoms caused by exposure

Medical attention and special

Symptoms may include redness, drying and cracking of the skin.

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically.

## 5. Fire-fighting measures

**Extinguishing media** 

Suitable extinguishing

media

Extinguish with carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Specific hazards arising from

the chemical

By heating and fire, irritating vapours/gases may be formed.

Special protective equipment

and precautions for fire

fighters

Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire. Selection of respiratory protection for firefighting: follow the general fire precautions indicated in

the workplace.

Fire fighting

equipment/instructions

Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Use water spray to cool unopened

containers.

None

**Hazchem Code** General fire hazards

The product is flammable.

#### 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Keep unnecessary personnel away. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Ensure adequate ventilation. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

For emergency responders

Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing.

**Environmental precautions** 

Avoid release to the environment. Do not discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Environmental manager must be informed of all major releases.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Never return spills in original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see Section 13 of the SDS.

Other issues relating to spills and releases

Clean up in accordance with all applicable regulations.

# 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Do not breathe mist or vapour. Do not get in eyes, on skin, on clothing. Persons susceptible for allergic reactions should not handle this product. Ground container and transfer equipment to eliminate static electric sparks, especially during transfer of material. Use non-sparking tools when opening or closing containers. Use with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep container tightly closed. Store in a cool and well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials (See Section 10).

#### 8. Exposure controls and personal protection

**Control parameters** 

Follow standard monitoring procedures.

Occupational exposure limits

Australia. National Workplace OELs (Workplace Exposure Standards for Airborne Contaminants, Appendix A)

Components	Туре	Value	Form
Isopropyl alcohol (CAS 67-63-0)	STEL	1230 mg/m3	
		500 ppm	
	TWA	983 mg/m3	
		400 ppm	
Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0.1 mg/m3	Respirable dust.

## Australia. OELs. (Adopted National Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants in the Occupational **Environment)**

Components	Туре	Value	Form
Calcium Carbonate (CAS 1317-65-3)	TWA	10 mg/m3	Inspirable dust.
Isopropyl alcohol (CAS 67-63-0)	STEL	1230 mg/m3	
,		500 ppm	
	TWA	983 mg/m3	
		400 ppm	
Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0.1 mg/m3	

#### **US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values**

Components	Туре	Value	Form
Isopropyl alcohol (CAS 67-63-0)	STEL	400 ppm	
·	TWA	200 ppm	
Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0.025 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
UK. EH40 Workplace Exposure Li	imits (WELs)		
Components	Туре	Value	Form
Calcium Carbonate (CAS 1317-65-3)	TWA	4 mg/m3	Respirable.
		4 mg/m3	Respirable dust.
		10 mg/m3	Inhalable dust.
		10 mg/m3	Inhalable
Isopropyl alcohol (CAS 67-63-0)	STEL	1250 mg/m3	
,		500 ppm	
	TWA	999 mg/m3	
		400 ppm	
Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0.1 mg/m3	Respirable.

# Germany. DFG MAK List (advisory OELs). Commission for the Investigation of Health Hazards of Chemical Compounds in the Work Area (DFG)

Components	Туре	Value	
Isopropyl alcohol (CAS 67-63-0)	TWA	500 mg/m3	
		200 ppm	
Limonene (CAS 5989-27-5)	TWA	28 mg/m3	
		5 ppm	
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy (CAS 64742-48-9)	TWA	300 mg/m3	
•		50 ppm	

## **Biological limit values**

## Germany. TRGS 903, BAT List (Biological Limit Values)

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling time	
Isopropyl alcohol (CAS 67-63-0)	25 mg/l	Aceton	Urine	*	
,	25 mg/l	Aceton	Blood	*	

<sup>\* -</sup> For sampling details, please see the source document.

#### **ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices**

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling time	
Isopropyl alcohol (CAS	40 mg/l	Acetone	Urine	*	
67-63-0)					

<sup>\* -</sup> For sampling details, please see the source document.

# Appropriate engineering controls

Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Provide eyewash station.

#### Individual protection measures, for example personal protective equipment (PPE)

**Eye/face protection** Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

Skin protection

Hand protection Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.Other Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing.

**Respiratory protection** In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment.

Thermal hazards Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material Hygiene measures

and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective

equipment to remove contaminants.

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

Slurry. **Appearance** Physical state Liquid. **Form** Paste. Colour Grev. Odour Lemon. **Odour threshold** Not available.

Melting point/freezing point Initial boiling point and boiling

range

Not available. Not available.

Not available.

49.0 °C (120.2 °F) Closed cup Flash point

**Evaporation rate** Not applicable. Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable. Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower

Not available.

Flammability limit - upper

(%)

Not available.

Not applicable. Vapour pressure Vapour density Not applicable.

Relative density 1.237

Solubility(ies)

No data available. Solubility (water) Not available. Partition coefficient

(n-octanol/water)

**Auto-ignition temperature** Not available. **Decomposition temperature** Not available. Not available. **Viscosity** 

Other physical and chemical parameters 51.6 %

## 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

Material is stable under normal conditions. **Chemical stability** 

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid Contact with incompatible materials. Incompatible materials Strong oxidising agents. Strong acids.

**Hazardous decomposition** 

products

At thermal decomposition temperatures, carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide.

#### 11. Toxicological information

## Information on possible routes of exposure

Inhalation In high concentrations, vapours may irritate throat and respiratory system and cause coughing.

Skin contact Causes skin irritation. Eye contact May cause eye irritation.

Ingestion Ingestion may cause irritation and malaise.

Symptoms related to exposure Symptoms may include redness, drying and cracking of the skin.

Acute toxicity May cause discomfort if swallowed.

Components	Species	Test results
Isopropyl alcohol (CAS 67-6	63-0)	
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	12870 mg/kg
Oral		
LD50	Rat	4710 mg/kg
Naphtha (petroleum), hydro	otreated heavy (CAS 64742-48-9)	
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	> 4.96 mg/l, 4 Hours
Oral		

Skin corrosion/irritationCauses skin irritation.Serious eye damage/irritationMay cause eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

LD50

**Respiratory sensitisation** No data available.

**Skin sensitisation** May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Rat

**Germ cell mutagenicity**No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are

mutagenic or genotoxic.

Carcinogenicity Not classified. In 1997, IARC (the International Agency for Research on Cancer) concluded that

crystalline silica inhaled from occupational sources can cause lung cancer in humans. However in making the overall evaluation, IARC noted that "carcinogenicity was not detected in all industrial circumstances studied. Carcinogenicity may be dependent on inherent characteristics of the crystalline silica or on external factors affecting its biological activity or distribution of its polymorphs." (IARC Monographs on the evaluation of the carcinogenic risks of chemicals to humans, Silica, silicates dust and organic fibres, 1997, Vol. 68, IARC, Lyon, France.) In June 2003, SCOEL (the EU Scientific Committee on Occupational Exposure Limits) concluded that the main effect in humans of the inhalation of respirable crystalline silica dust is silicosis. "There is sufficient information to conclude that the relative risk of lung cancer is increased in persons with silicosis (and, apparently, not in employees without silicosis exposed to silica dust in quarries and in the ceramic industry). Therefore, preventing the onset of silicosis will also reduce the cancer

> 5000 mg/kg

risk..." (SCOEL SUM Doc 94-final, June 2003)

**ACGIH Carcinogens** 

Isopropyl alcohol (CAS 67-63-0)

Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7)

A4 Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.

A2 Suspected human carcinogen.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Isopropyl alcohol (CAS 67-63-0)

Limonene (CAS 5989-27-5)

Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7)

3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

1 Carcinogenic to humans.

Reproductive toxicity No data available.

Specific target organ toxicity - No data available.

single exposure

Specific target organ toxicity -

repeated exposure

No data available.

**Aspiration hazard** Not classified.

**Chronic effects** Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. May cause central nervous

system effects.

## 12. Ecological information

**Ecotoxicity** Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Components **Species Test results** 

Isopropyl alcohol (CAS 67-63-0)

Aquatic

Fish LC50 Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus) > 1400 mg/l, 96 hours

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy (CAS 64742-48-9)

Aquatic

IC50 Algae Algae 10 mg/l, 72 hours EC50 10 mg/l, 48 hours Crustacea Daphnia LC50 Fish 10 mg/l, 96 hours

Persistence and degradability The product is not readily biodegradable. Has the potential to bioaccumulate. Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient

n-octanol / water (log Kow)

Isopropyl alcohol (CAS 67-63-0) 0.05 4.232 Limonene (CAS 5989-27-5)

Mobility in soil No data available. No data available. Mobility in general No data available. Other adverse effects

## 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. This material

and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international

regulations.

Residual waste Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some

product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see:

Disposal instructions).

Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Contaminated packaging

Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is

emptied.

## 14. Transport information

**ADG** 

**UN** number

**UN proper shipping name** Terpene hydrocarbons, n.o.s. (Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy, Limonene)

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3 Subsidiary risk Ш Packing group **Environmental hazards** Yes **Hazchem Code** 3Y

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

**RID** 

**UN number** 2319

Terpene hydrocarbons, n.o.s. (Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy, Limonene) **UN proper shipping name** 

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3 Subsidiary risk 3 Label(s) Ш Packing group **Environmental hazards** Yes

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

**IATA** 

**UN number** 2319

**UN proper shipping name** Terpene hydrocarbons, n.o.s. (Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy, Limonene)

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3 Subsidiary risk 3 Label(s) Ш Packing group **Environmental hazards** Yes 3L **ERG Code** 

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

**IMDG** 

**UN** number 2319

**UN proper shipping name** TERPENE HYDROCARBONS, N.O.S. (Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy, Limonene)

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3 Subsidiary risk Label(s) 3 Ш **Packing group Environmental hazards** 

Marine pollutant

Yes **EmS** F-E, S-D

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and This product is a liquid and when transported in bulk is covered under MARPOL 73/78 Annex II.

This product is listed in the IBC Code.

the IBC Code

Ship type: 3

Pollution category: Y

**General information** IATA classification is not relevant as the material is not transported by air.

## 15. Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations

**National regulations** This Material Safety Data Sheet was prepared in accordance with the Australia National Code of

Practice for the Preparation of Material Safety Data Sheets (NOHSC: 2011.)

Australia Medicines & Poisons Appendix B

LIMONENE (DIPENTENE) (CAS 5989-27-5)

Australia Medicines & Poisons Appendix E

HYDROCARBONS, LIQUID (CAS 5989-27-5) HYDROCARBONS, LIQUID (CAS 64742-48-9)

Australia Medicines & Poisons Schedule 5

HYDROCARBONS, LIQUID, INCLUDING KEROSENE, DIESEL (DISTILLATE), MINERAL TURPENTINE, WHITE PETROLEUM SPIRIT, TOLUENE, XYLENE AND LIGHT MINERAL AND PARAFFIN OILS (BUT EXCLUDING THEIR **DERIVATIVES) (CAS 5989-27-5)** 

HYDROCARBONS, LIQUID, INCLUDING KEROSENE, DIESEL (DISTILLATE), MINERAL TURPENTINE, WHITE PETROLEUM SPIRIT, TOLUENE, XYLENE AND LIGHT MINERAL AND PARAFFIN OILS (BUT EXCLUDING THEIR **DERIVATIVES) (CAS 64742-48-9)** 

**High Volume Industrial Chemicals (HVIC)** 

Isopropyl alcohol (CAS 67-63-0) 1000 - 9999 TONNES See the regulation for additional

information.

1000 - 9999 TONNES See the regulation for additional Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy (CAS

64742-48-9) information.

Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7) 100000 - 999999 TONNES See the regulation for additional

information.

Importation of Ozone Deleting Substances (Customs(Prohibited imports) Regulations 1956, Schedule 10)

National Pollutant Inventory (NPI) substance reporting list

Not listed

**Prohibited Carcinogenic Substances** 

Prohibited Substances (National Model Regulation for the control of Workplace Hazardous Substances, Schedule 2 NOHSC:1005 (1994) as amended)

Not listed.

## Resricted Importation of Organochlorine Chemicals (Customs(Prohibited Imports) Regulations 1956, Schedule 9)

Not listed

#### **Restricted Carcinogenic Substances**

Not regulated.

#### International regulations

## **Stockholm Convention**

Not applicable.

#### **Rotterdam Convention**

Not applicable.

## **Kyoto protocol**

Not applicable.

#### **Montreal Protocol**

Not applicable.

#### **Basel Convention**

Not applicable.

Country(s) or region

#### International Inventories

3 ( )		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	No
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	Yes
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	Yes
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes

<sup>\*</sup>A "Yes" indicates this product complies with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s).

Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory

## 16. Other information

**Issue date** 09/10/2025

Revision date -

United States & Puerto Rico

References HSDB® - Hazardous Substances Data Bank

Inventory name

Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances (RTECS)

**Disclaimer** The information in this (M)SDS was obtained from sources which we believe are reliable but

cannot guarantee. Additionally, your use of this information is beyond our control and may be beyond our knowledge. Therefore, the information is provided without any representation or

warranty express or implied.

STONETECH® Oil Stain Remove SDS Australia

Yes

On inventory (yes/no)\*

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).