

Version No: LFGCFWP/GHS/01 Issue Date: 17-Sep-2018

## LATAFINISH GREY COARSE FINISH WALL PUTTY

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/PREPARATION AND OF	THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING
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Product Name LATAFINISH GREY COARSE FINISH WALL PUTTY

Recommended use Putty for use on uneven surfaces to make smooth (For professional use).

Company Name: LATICRETE MIDDLE EAST LLC

Manufacturer/ Importer/ Supplier/ Distributor information Address P.O. Box. 86028, Ras Al Khaimah, United Arab Emirates

Telephone: +971 7 244 6396

2. HAZARD (s) IDENTIFICATION				
Classification	Skin Corr./Irrit. 2 Skin corrosion/irritation Eye Dam./Irrit. 1 Serious eye damage/eye irritation STOT SE 3 (irritating to respiratory system) Specific target organ toxicity — single exposure STOT RE 1 (by inhalation) Specific target organ toxicity — repeated exposure			
Label Element				
Signal Words	Corrosive, Harmful, Health Hazard			
Hazard Statement(s)	H318 Causes serious eye damage. H315 Causes skin irritation. H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H372 Causes damage to organs (Lung) through prolonged or repeated exposure (inhalation)			
Precautionary Statement(s) Prevention	P280 Wear protective gloves and eye/face protection. P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. P260 Do not breath dust/gas/mist/ vapours. P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. P264 Wash with plenty of water and soap thoroughly after handling.			
Precautionary Statement(s) Response	P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P303 + P352 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Wash with plenty of soap and water. P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.			
Precautionary Statement(s) Storage	P403 + P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. P405 Store locked up.			
Precautionary Statement(s) Disposal	P501 Dispose of contents/container to hazardous or special waste collection point.			
Other hazards which do not result in classification	None known.			
Supplemental information	In combination with water, repeated or prolonged dermal exposure can cause moderate to severe alkali burns			
Emergency overview	IRRITANT. Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin.			



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#### 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Name	CAS No	Content (% by wt)
Ordinary Portland Cement	65997-15-1	>20
Lime stone	1317-65-3	>30
Silica Sand	14808-60-7	>49
Polymer	24937-78-8	>1

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Ingestion

Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get Inhalation

medical attention if any discomfort continues

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Chemical burns must be treated by a Skin contact

physician. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Get medical attention

immediately

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact Eye contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention immediately

Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs. Get medical attention if any discomfort

continues.

Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take Personal protection for first-aid responders

precautions to protect themselves

Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take Symptoms caused by exposure

precautions to protect themselves.

Rash. Corrosive effects. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling,

and blurred vision. Permanent eye damage including blindness could result.

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Symptoms may be Medical attention and special treatment

delayed. Chemical burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing

during transport to hospital.

### 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing media

Alcohol resistant foam. Water fog. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>). Suitable extinguishing media

Unsuitable extinguishing media Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire

Hazards during fire-fighting: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, harmful vapours Specific hazards arising from the chemical Evolution of fumes/fog. The substances/groups of substances mentioned can be

released in case of fire. Product is not combustible or explosive.

Special protective equipment and precautions for fire

fighters

Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case

of fire.

Firefighting equipment/instructions

Product itself is non-combustible; fire extinguishing method of surrounding areas must be considered. The degree of risk is governed by the burning substance and the fire conditions. Dispose of fire debris and contaminated extinguishing water in accordance

with official regulations.

General fire hazards

#### **6.ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Ensure adequate ventilation. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.



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For emergency responders wearing appropriate protective clothing.

Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. Do not discharge into drains, water courses or onto

the ground. Environmental manager must be informed of all major releases

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning

Large Spills: Pick up with suitable appliance and dispose of. Pack in tightly closed containers for disposal.

Small Spills: Pick up with suitable appliance and dispose off.

Other issues relating to spills and releases

Never return spills in original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see Section 13

of the SDS. Clean up in accordance with all applicable regulations.

### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

incompatibilities

Conditions for safe storage, including any

Avoid dust formation. The Cement contained in this product reacts alkaline when in contact with water or humidity. This may cause severe irritation of skin or mucous membranes. The humidity of the skin or mucous membranes is enough for this reaction. Prolonged direct contact to the dry product should be avoided therefore. Avoid inhalation of dusts. Avoid skin contact. Pour downwind and allow as little free fall as possible while emptying bags into equipment. Breathing must be protected when large quantities are decanted without local exhaust ventilation.

Segregate from metals. Segregate from acids. Segregate from lyes. Segregate from oxidants. Segregate from foods and animal feeds.

Suitable materials for containers: High density polyethylene (HDPE)

Further information on storage conditions: Containers should be stored tightly sealed in a

dry place.

### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters	Follow standard monitoring procedures.
	White cement: Respirable dust 3 mg/m3 TWA - USECHH 2000 65997-15-1 inhalable dust 10 mg/m3 TWA - USECHH 2000
	<u>Limestone</u> : OSHA PEL PEL 5 mg/m3 Respirable fraction; PEL 15 mg/m3 Total dust; TWA value 15 mg/m3 Total dust; TWA value 5 mg/m3 Respirable fraction
Occupational exposure limits	Silica Sand: OSHA PEL TWA value 2.4 millions of particles per cubic foot of air Respirable; The exposure limit is calculated from the equation, 250/(%SiO2+5), using a value of 100% SiO2. Lower percentages of SiO2 will yield higher exposure limits. TWA value 0.1 mg/m3 Respirable; The exposure limit is calculated from the equation, 10/(%SiO2+2), using a value of 100% SiO2. Lower percentages of SiO2 will yield higher exposure limits. TWA value 0.3 mg/m3 Total dust; The exposure limit is calculated from the equation, 30/(%SiO2+2), using a value of 100% SiO2. Lower percentages of SiO2 will yield higher exposure limits.
	Polymer: OEL (USA) Ceiling limit: 5 mg/m³
Biological limit values	No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).
Appropriate engineering controls	Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Provide eyewash station.

Wear safety glasses with side shields Eye/face protection (or goggles). Face-shield. Wear a full-

face respirator, if needed







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Skin protection Hand protection	Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.			
Others	Body protection must be chosen based on level of activity and exposure.			
Respiratory protection	In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment			
Hygiene measures	Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants			

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES			
Appearance	Powder		
Colour	Grey		
Odour	Odorless		
рН	Not applicable		
Melting point/ freezing point	Not available		
Initial boiling point and boiling range	Not available		
Flash point	Not flammable		
Evaporation rate	Not applicable		
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable		
Vapor pressure	Not applicable		
Relative density	1		
Solubility (water)	Insoluble		
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available		

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Reactivity No hazardous reactions if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated

Chemical stability Material is stable under normal conditions

Possibility of hazardous reactions

The product is stable if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated. Strong bases are

formed on the addition of water.

Conditions to avoid Avoid dust formation. Avoid humidity

Incompatible materials Strong Bases. Strong acids.

Hazardous decomposition products No hazardous decomposition products if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated

### 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Sensitization

Routes of entry for solids and liquids are ingestion and inhalation, but may include eye or skin contact. Routes of entry for gases include inhalation and eye contact. Skin contact

may be a route of entry for liquefied gases.

Assessment of acute toxicity: Virtually nontoxic after a single ingestion. Virtually nontoxic after a single skin contact. Virtually nontoxic by inhalation. The product has not been

tested. The statement has been derived from the properties of the individual components.

Oral No applicable information available
Inhalation No applicable information available
Dermal No applicable information available

Assessment of sensitization: There is no evidence of a skin-sensitizing potential. The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from the properties of the individual components. Chromate in this product has been reduced. Sensitization due to

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chromate within stated shelf-live is unlikely.

**Chronic Toxicity /Effects** 

Repeated dose toxicity

Reproductive toxicity

Other Information

Mobility in soil

Additional information

Carcinogenicity

Assessment of carcinogenicity: The chemical structure does not suggest a specific alert for such an effect. Based on available Data, the classification criteria are not met.

Assessment of repeated dose toxicity: This product contains crystalline silica (quartz). Prolonged or repeated inhalation of respirable crystalline silica may result in silicosis.

Genetic toxicity

Assessment of mutagenicity: The chemical structure does not suggest a specific alert

for such an effect. Based on available Data, the classification criteria are not met Assessment of reproduction toxicity: The chemical structure does not suggest a

specific alert for such an effect. Based on available Data, the classification criteria are

not met.

Teratogenicity Assessment of teratogenicity: The chemical structure does not suggest a specific alert

for such an effect. Based on available Data, the classification criteria are not met.

Based on our experience and the information available, no adverse health effects are expected if handled as recommended with suitable precautions for designated uses. The product has not been tested. The statements on toxicology have been derived

from the properties of the individual components.

#### 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Aquatic-toxicity There is a high probability that the product is not acutely harmful to aquatic organisms.

Aquatic The product gives rise to pH shifts. Based on available Data, the classification criteria are

not met

Persistence and degradability

Assessment biodegradation and elimination (H2O) Inorganic product which cannot be

eliminated from water by biological purification processes. The product is slightly soluble in water. It can be largely eliminated from the water by abiotic processes, e.g. mechanical

separation. .

Bioaccumulative potential The product will not be readily bioavailable due to its consistency and insolubility in water.

The substance will not evaporate into the atmosphere from the water surface. Following exposure to soil, adsorption to solid soil particles is probable, therefore contamination of

groundwater is not expected

Other ecotoxicological advice: Do not discharge product into the environment without

control. The product has not been tested. The statements on ecotoxicology have been

derived from the properties of the individual components.

### 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Observe national and local legal requirements. Residues should be disposed of

in the same manner as the substance/product.

Residual waste Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners

may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be

disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).

Contaminated packaging Completely emptied packaging can be given for recycling.

### 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

ADG Not classified as a dangerous good under transport regulations IMDG Not classified as a dangerous good under transport regulations IATA/ ICAO Not classified as a dangerous good under transport regulations

#### 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations

National regulations Followed

International regulations Stockholm Convention- Not applicable.



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Rotterdam Convention- Not applicable. Kyoto protocol- Not applicable. Montreal Protocol-Not applicable. Basel Convention- Not applicable

### **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

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