

### **Safety Data Sheet**

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#### 1. **PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION**

TRADE NAME (as labeled): SPECTRALOCK® 2000 IG Part A

CHEMICAL FAMILY: Amine epoxy hardener

MANUFACTURER'S/ DISTRIBUTOR'S NAME: LATICRETE South East Asia Pte Ltd

(Level2, A3)

38 Sungei Kadut, Street 2

Singapore 729245

Phone number for additional information: (65) 6515 3028

Date prepared or revised: 09/03/2023

#### 2. <u>COMPOSITION INGREDIENTS</u>

CHEMICAL NAMES	CAS NUMBERS	PERCENT	ACGIH TLV	OSHS PEL	OTHER (SPECIFY)
Fatty acids, tall-oil, reaction products					, , ,
with	68953-36-6	70-80	N/A	N/A	N/A
tetraethylenepentami ne					
Tetraethly	110 57 0	E 4E	N1/A	NI/A	NI/A
enepentamine	112-57-2	5-15	N/A	N/A	N/A
2-Piperazin-1-ylethy lamine	140-31-8	0-10	N/A	N/A	N/A
Benzyl alcohol	100-51-6	1-5	N/A	N/A	N/A
Isophorone diamine	2855-13-2	1-5	N/A	N/A	N/A
Solvent naphtha					
(petroleum),	64742-95-6	0.1-1	N/A	N/A	N/A
light aromatic					
Nonylphenol	84852-15-3	0.01-1	N/A	N/A	N/A



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#### 3. HEALTH HAZARD INFORMATION



SYMPTOMS OF OVEREXPOSURE for each potential route of exposure.

Inhaled : Can cause severe eye, skin and respiratory tract burns. May cause central nervous system effects, such as headache, nausea, dizziness, confusion, breathing difficulties. Severe cases of overexposure can result in respiratory failure.

Contact with skin or eyes : Causes eye burns. May cause blindness. Severe eye irritation

Absorbed through skin : causes skin burns. If absorbed through the skin, may cause central nervous system effects, such as headache, nausea, dizziness, confusion, breathing difficulties.

Swallowed: Harmful if swallowed. If ingested, severe burns of the mouth and throat, as well as a danger of perforation of the esophagus and the stomach. May cause central nervous system effects, such as headache, nausea, vomiting, abdominal pain, dizziness, confusion breathing difficulties. Severe cases of overexposures can result in respiratory failure.

Chronic Health Hazard : This product contains no listed carcinogens according to IARC, ACGIH, NTP and/or OSHA in concentrations of 0.1 percent or greater. Prolonged contact may result in

#### SUSPECTED CANCER AGENT?

NO: This product's ingredients are not found in the lists.

YES: \_\_\_\_\_ Federal OSHA NTP IARC

#### 4. FIRST AID: EMERGENCY PROCEDURES

Eye Hold eyelids apart, initiate and maintain gentle and continuous irrigation until the patient receives medical care. If medical care is not promptly available,



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continue to irrigate for one hour.

Immediately remove contaminated clothing, and any extraneous chemical, if possible to do so without delay. Initiate and maintain gentle and continuous irrigation until the patient receives medical care. If medical care is not promptly

Skin Contact

available, continue to irrigate for one hour. Cover wound with sterile dressing. Take off contaminated clothing and shoe immediately. NOTE TO PHYSICIANS: Application of corticosteroid cream has been effective in

treating skin irritation.

Inhaled : Remove to fresh air. Seek medical attention if necessary

Swallowed: Do not induce vomiting without medical advice. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Prevent aspiration of vomit. Turn victim's head to the side.

#### 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Auto ignition temperature, °F : N/A

Flammable limits in air, volume % : Lower (LEL): \_\_\_\_\_ Upper (UEL):\_\_\_\_\_

Carbon dioxide, foam (alcohol resistant), dry chemical, other

Fire extinguishing materials : (limestone powder, sand)

May generate ammonia gas. May generate toxic nitrogen oxide gases. Use of water may result in the formation of very toxic aqueous solutions. Incomplete combustion my form

Unusual fire and explosion

hazards

carbon monoxide. Ammonia gas may be liberated at high oxides of nitrogen (NOx) is to be expected. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drain of water courses. Burning produces noxious and toxic fumes. Downwind personnel

must be evacuated.

Special fire fighting procedures : Wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus.

#### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions : Use self-contained breathing apparatus and chemically protective clothing. Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves and eye/face protection. Evacuate personnel to safe areas.



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Environmental precautions : Construct a dike to prevent spreading.

Methods for cleanup : Approach suspected leak areas with caution. Contact

LATICRETE for advice. Place in appropriate chemical waste container.

NOTE: Dispose of all wastes in accordance with federal, state and local regulations.

### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling : Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Emergency showers and eye wash stations should be readily accessible. Adhere to work practice rules established by government regulations. Avoid contact eyes. Use personal protective equipment. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke.

Storage : keep away from: acids, oxidizers. Keep in cool, dry, ventilated storage and in closed containers.

#### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ventilation and engineering controls : Normal for properly ventilated areas.

Respiratory protection (type) : Not required for properly ventilated areas.

Eye protection (type)

Full face shield with goggles underneath. Chemical

resistant goggles must be worn.

Impervious gloves: butyl-rubber, nitrile rubber, Butyl-rubber, PVC disposables. The breakthrough time of the

Gloves (specify material)

selected glove(s) must be greater than the intended use

period.

Other clothing and equipment : Long sleeved impervious clothing, full rubber suit (rain

gear), rubber or plastic boots, slicker suit.

Work practices, hygienic practices : Normal good housekeeping

Other handling and storage

requirements

: N/A

Protective measures during

maintenance of contaminated : See above.

equipment



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### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Vapor density (air=1) : N/A

Melting point or range, °F : >32

Specific gravity : 1.1g/cc

Boiling point or range, °F : >385

Solubility in water : soluble

Evaporation rate (butyl acetate = 1) : N/A

Vapor pressure, mmHg at 20°C : <2.00 mmHg at 21°C VOC 0 lb/gal

Appearance and odor : Viscous, cloudy, light brown liquid with ammoniac odor

HOW TO DETECT THIS SUBSTANCE (warning properties of substance as a gas, vapor, dust,

or mist)

#### 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability : Stable



Hazardous

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Incompatibility (material to avoid)

Mineral acids (i.e. sulfuric, phosphoric, etc.) Organic acids, (i.e. acetic acid, citric acid etc.). Oxidizing agents (i.e. perchlorate nitrates etc.). Sodium or Calcium Hypochlorite. Product slowly corrodes copper, aluminum, zinc and galvanized surfaces. Reaction with peroxides may result in violent decomposition of peroxide possible creating and explosion. A reaction accompanied by large heat release occurs when the product is mixed with acids. Heat generated may be sufficient to cause vigorous boiling creating and explosion. A reaction accompanied by large heat release occurs when the product is mixed with acids. Heat generated may be sufficient to cause vigorous boiling creating a hazard due to splashing or splattering of hot material.

Nitrogen oxide can react with water vapors to form corrosive nitric acid (TLV = 2ppm). Carbon Monoxide in a fire. Carbon Dioxide in a fire. Ammonia when heated. Nitrogen Oxides in a fire. Irritating and toxic fumes at elevated temperature. Nitric acid in a fire. The oxides of nitrogen gases (except nitrous oxide) emitted on decomposition

are highly toxic.

Hazardous polymerization Will Not occur

product

Conditions to avoid : N/A

decomposition

(including combustion products)

#### 11. **TOXICOLOGY INFORMATION**

Acute Oral Toxicity (LD50, RAT) > 500mg/kg

Acute Inhalation Toxicity (LC50 (1h), Rat) > 20mg/l

Acute Dermal Toxicity (LD50, Rabbit)>2000 mg/kg



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Severe eye irritation.

Severe skin irritation. May cause sensitization by skin contact. Sensitization has occurred in laboratory animals after repeated exposures.

The product or a component may be mutagenic, the data is inconclusive. Mixed polycycloaliphatic amines was tested in rats for systemic effects in a Subchronic (28-days) oral study at doses ranging from 15 to 300 mg/kg/day. Effects seen at 300mg/kg/day included decreased survival, decreased body weight gain, increased liver, kidney, and adrenal weights and histological changes in the liver, kidney, adrenals and spleen. The No-Observed-Adverse-Effect-Level (NOAEL) was 400mg/kg. No evidence of carcinogenicity was seen in a two-year study with rats and mice.

#### 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Ecotoxicty effects** 

Aquatic toxicity : no data is available on the product

**Toxicity to fish - components** 

Nonylphenol : LC50 0.128mg/l 96 hours Fathead minnow

Toxicity to daphnia - components

Nonylphenol : EC50 0.0848 mg/l 48 hours Fathead minnow Nonylphenol : EC50 0.19 mg/l 48 hours Fathead minnow

Toxicity to other organisms

Diethylenetriamine : Acute LC50 1.014mg/l 96 hours Guppy

4,4 - : Acute LC50 4.6 mg/l 96 hours Fathead minnow

Isopropylidenediphenol

Persistence in degradability

Mobility : No data available

Bioaccumulation : no data is available on the product itself

**Bioaccumulation - components** 

Formaldehyde, polymer

with Benzenamine, : Does not bioaccumulation

hydrogenated Nonylphenol

Nonylphenol : moderate bioaccumulation potential

#### 13. <u>DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS</u>

Dispose in compliance with local, state, and federal regulations.



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#### 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT

Proper shipping name

Amines, Liqiud, corrosive, n.o.s

(Cycloaliphatic amine, nonylphenol)

Class : 8

UN/ID No : UN2735

Packing group : III

Corrosive Liquids in Packing Group III in Inner Packing's not over 5.0 liter (1.3

Gallons) net capacity each for liquids may be classification as ORM-D

**IATA** 

Proper shipping name

Amines, Liqiud, corrosive, n.o.s

(Cycloaliphatic amine, nonylphenol)

Class : 8

UN/ID No : UN2735

Packing group : III

**IMDG** 

Proper shipping name

Amines, Liqiud, corrosive, n.o.s

(Cycloaliphatic amine, nonylphenol)

Class : 8

UN/ID No : UN2735

Packing group : III

**TDG** 

Proper shipping name

Amines, Liqiud, corrosive, n.o.s

(Cycloaliphatic amine, nonylphenol)

Class : 8

UN/ID No : UN2735

Packing group : III

#### 15. <u>REGULATORY INFORMATION</u>

OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 DFR 1910, 2300) Hazard Class(es)

Corrosive, Sensitizer.

All ingredients are listed on the US EPA TSCA inventory of chemical substances.

EU EINECS inventory of chemical substances



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Canada DSL inventory of chemical substances

Australia AICS inventory of chemical substances

Japan ENCS inventory of chemical substances

China SEPA inventory of chemical substances

Philippines PICCS inventory of chemical substances

EPA SARA Title II Section 312 (40 CFR 370) Hazard Classification -

Acute Health Hazard Chronic Health Hazard

EPA SARA Title II Section 313 (40 CFR 372) Components(s) above 'de minimus' level -

None

US. California Safe Drinking Water & Toxic Enforcement Act (Proposition 65)

This product does not contain any chemicals known to state of California of cause cancer, both defects and any other harm.

WHMIS Hazard Classification

Toxic Material Causing other toxic effects, corrosive Material

#### 16. <u>OTHER INFORMATION</u>

HMIS Rating

Health : 3
Flammability : 1
Physical Hazard : 0

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